



WPI



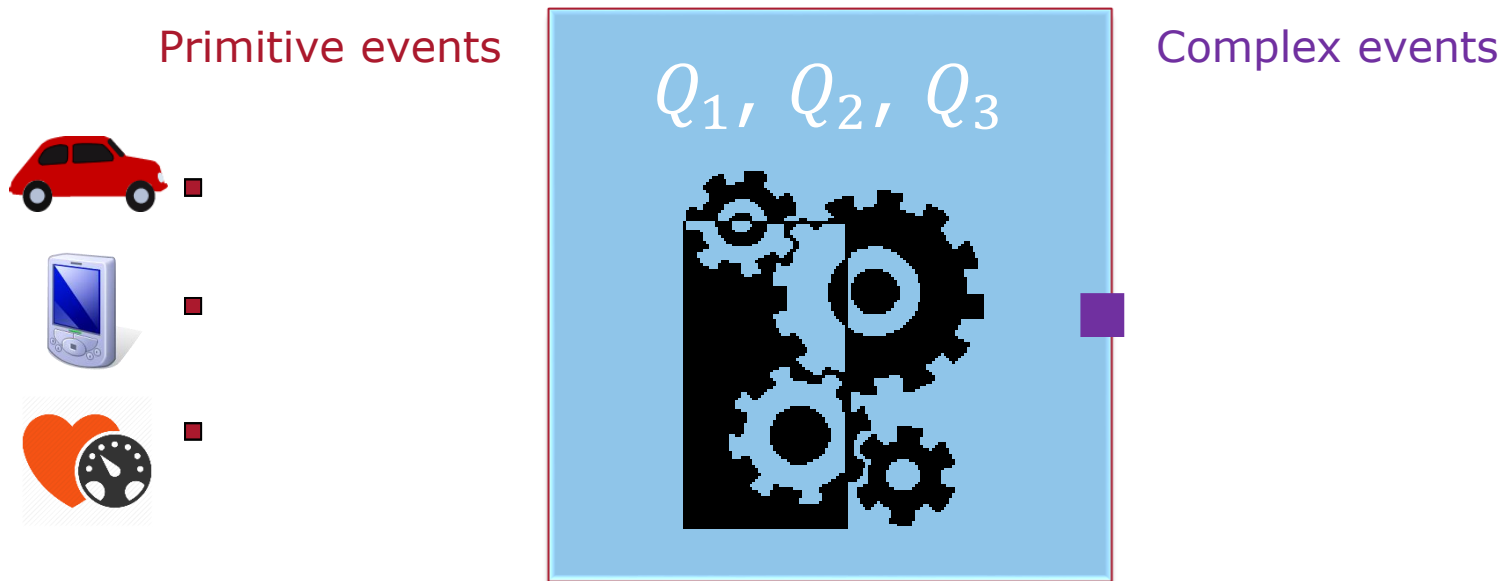
CAESAR: **Context-Aware Event Stream** **Analytics in Real time**

Olga Poppe, Chuan Lei,
Elke A. Rundensteiner, and Dan Dougherty

March 18, 2016

Complex Event Processing

CEP engine



The **same** workload of **independent** event queries is **continuously** evaluated

Application Context

- Event compositions signify **application contexts**
- Most event queries are **appropriate** only in certain contexts
- They can be safely **suspended** otherwise

Examples of application contexts:

- **Emergency management:** normal, crowded, fire
- **Health care:** safe, warning, violation
- **Algorithmic trading:** hold, buy, sell
- **Financial fraud:** approved, suspicious, fraud

Traffic Management Use Case



- **140 hours idling in traffic** due to congestion in 10-worst U.S. traffic corridors per year [The Wall Street Journal]
- **Health cost of \$18 billion** due to traffic noise and pollution in the USA's 83 largest urban areas in 2010 [USA Today]
- **1.24 million deaths** due to traffic injuries worldwide in 2010 [Wikipedia]

Traffic Management Contexts

Accident



Accident warning

Route re-computation

Congestion



Toll notification

Route re-computation

Clear



Statistics

Local services

Goal is to leverage application contexts to speed up system responsiveness

Challenges

- Rich semantics
 - Complex conditions implying a context
 - Unknown and unbounded context duration
 - Multiple inter-dependent event queries
- Readable specification
- Real time responsiveness

State-of-the-art Approaches

	CEP Systems (Esper, StreamInsight)	CAESAR	Business Models (BPMN, UML)
Expressive event queries	✓	✓	
Application contexts		✓	✓
Context-aware optimizations		✓	

Contributions & Outline

CAESAR system:

- Graphical model
- Context-aware algebra
- Context-driven optimization techniques
- Execution infrastructure

Performance evaluation

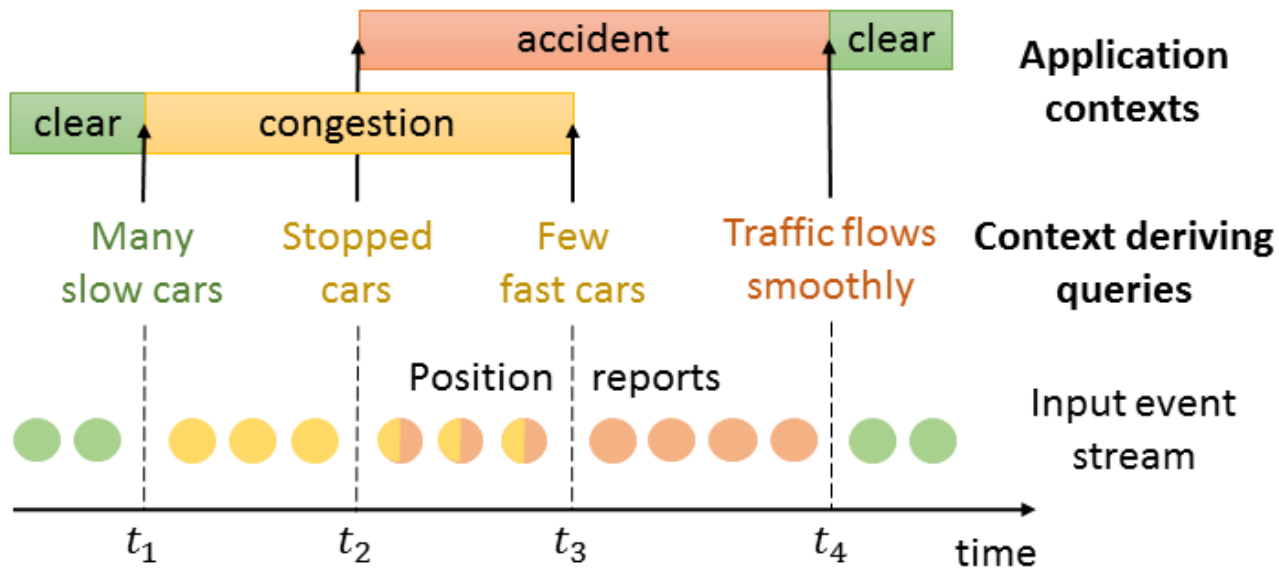
Outline

CAESAR Model

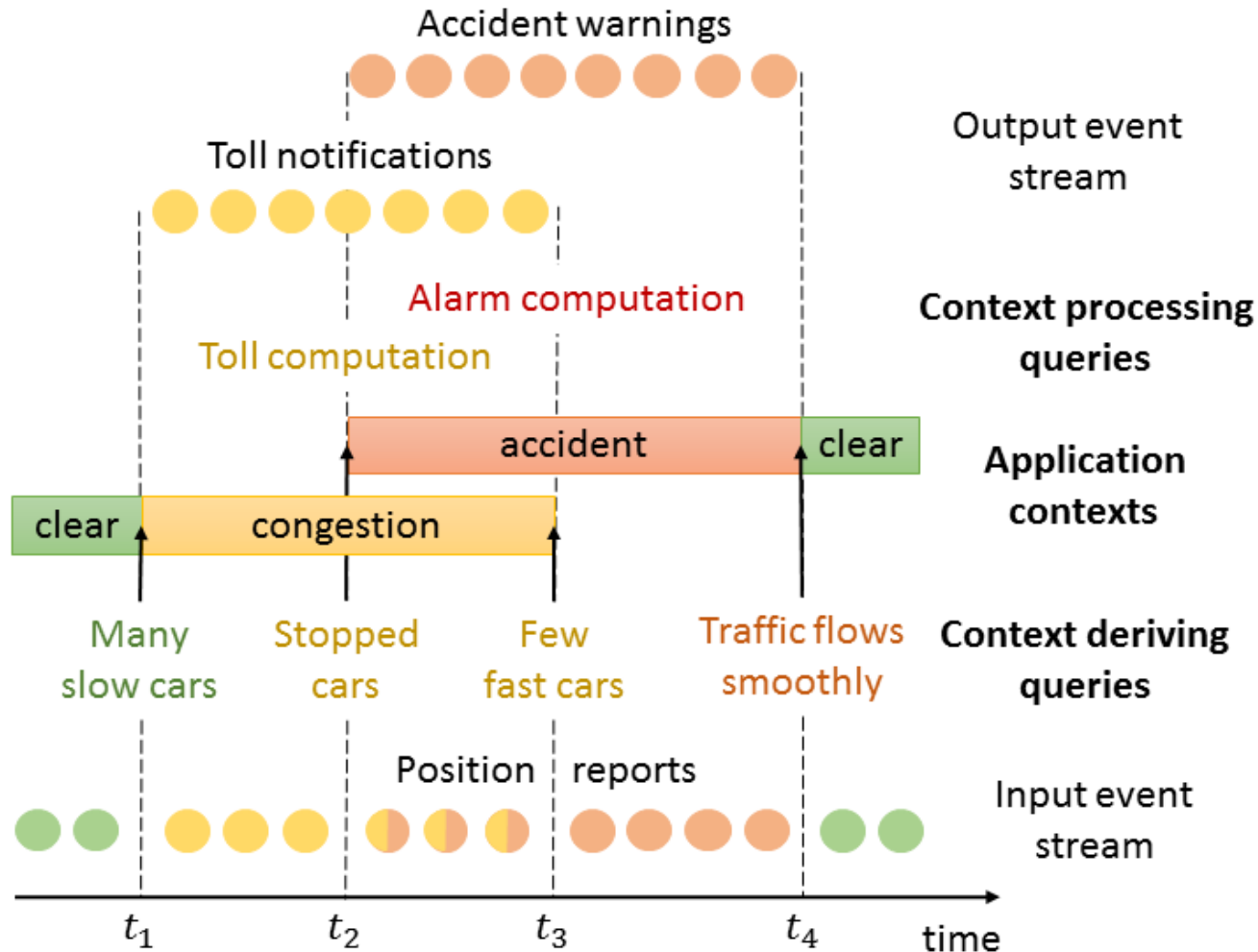
Context-aware Event Stream Analytics



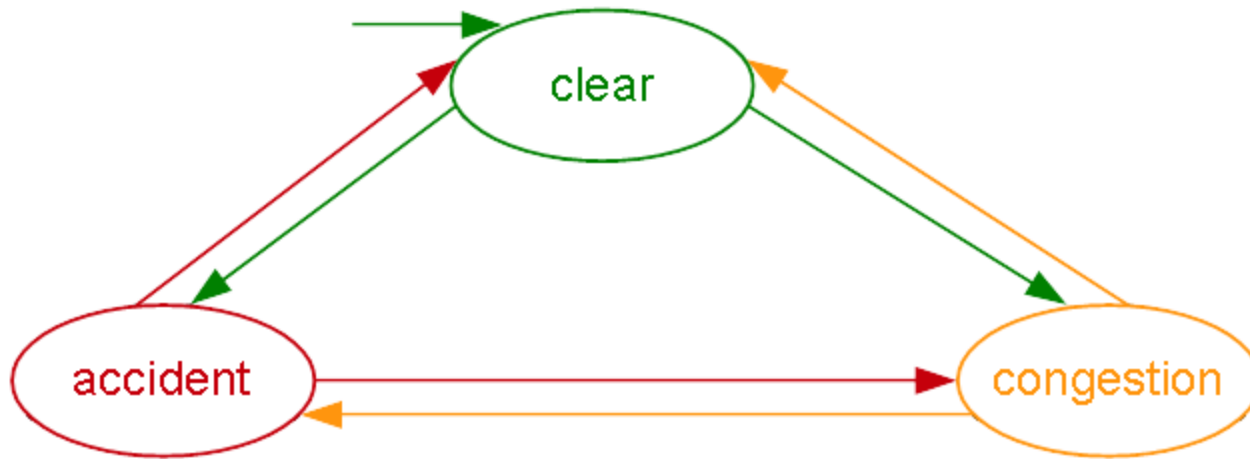
Context-aware Event Stream Analytics



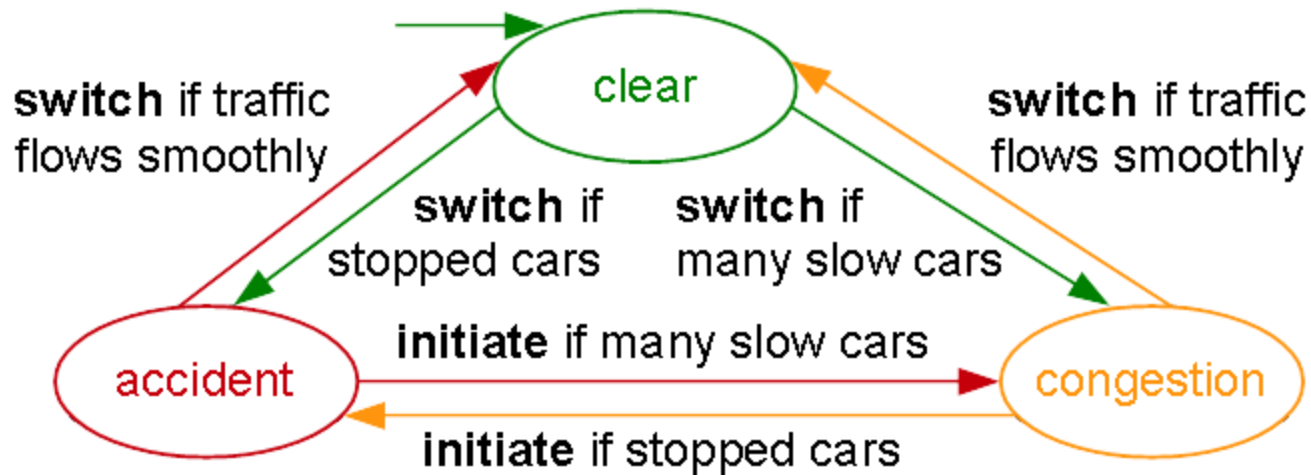
Context-aware Event Stream Analytics



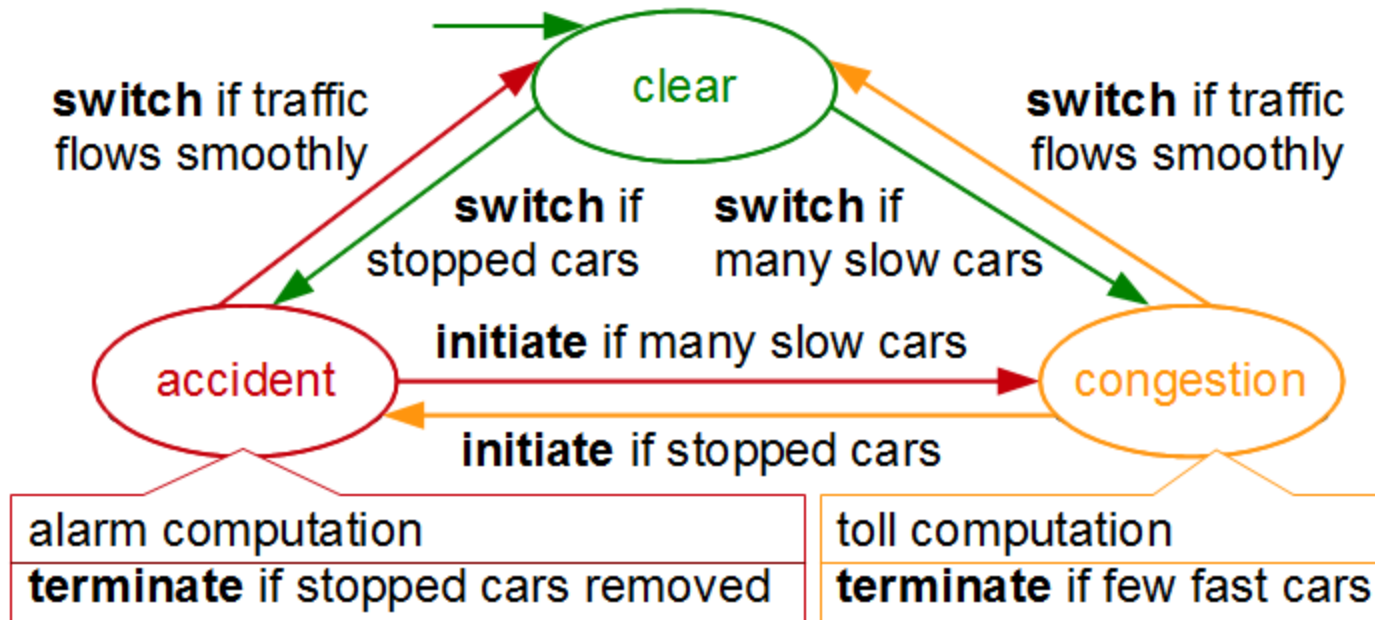
Application Contexts



Context Deriving Queries



Context Processing Queries



Context-aware Event Queries

① **DERIVE** NewCar(s.id, s.xway, s.dir, s.seg, s.lane, s.pos, s.sec)
PATTERN SEQ(**NOT** Position f, Position s)
WHERE f.sec+30=s.sec **AND** f.id=s.id **AND** s.lane≠“exit”
[**CONTEXT** congestion]

② **DERIVE** Toll(c.id, c.sec, 5)
PATTERN NewCar c
[**CONTEXT** congestion]

congestion

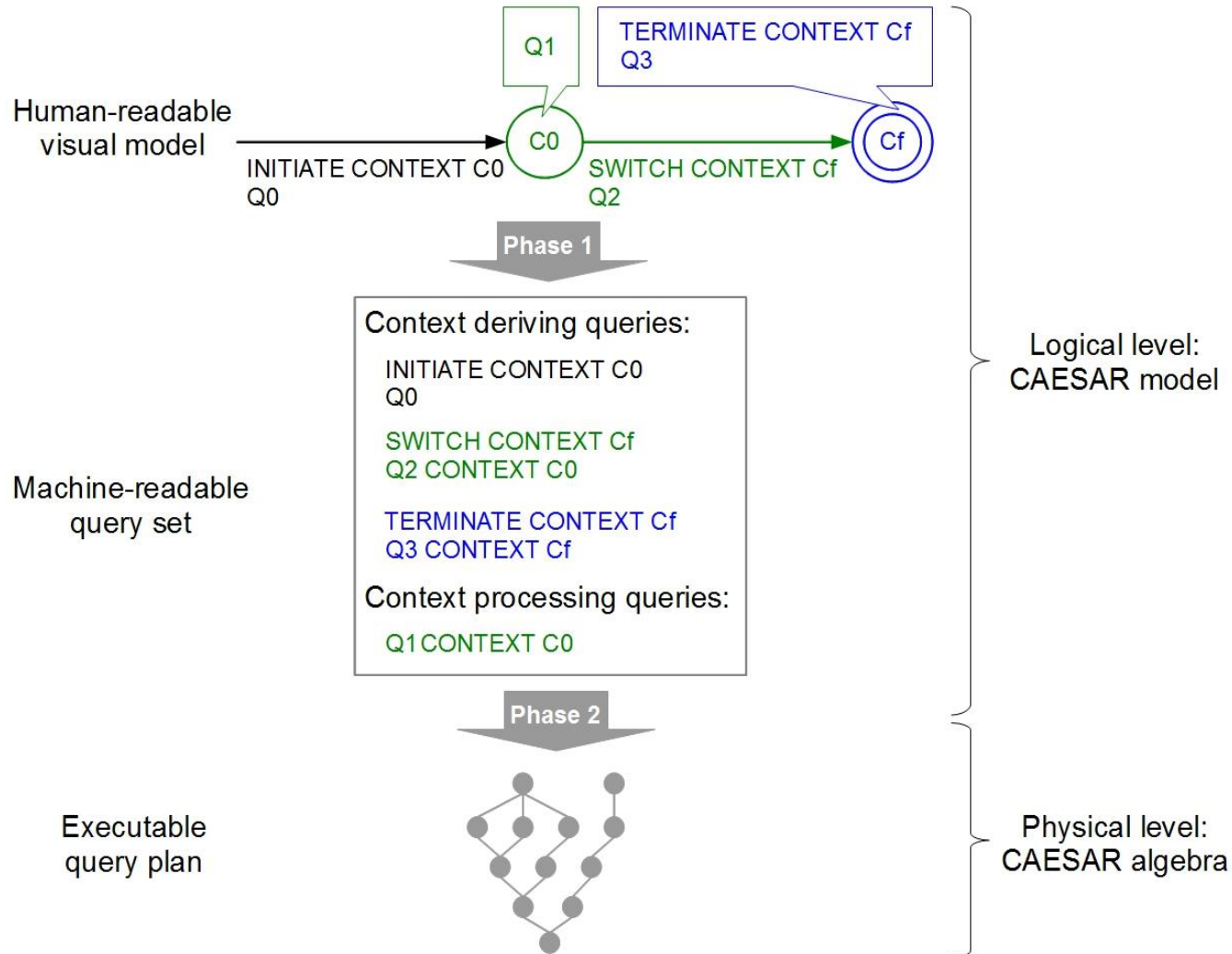
accident

③ **INITIATE CONTEXT** accident
PATTERN Accident
[**CONTEXT** congestion]

Outline

CAESAR Algebra

Context-preserving Plan Generation



CAESAR Algebra Operators

1. Context initiation $CI_c(I, W)$
2. Context termination $CT_c(I, W)$
3. Context window $CW_c(I, W)$
4. Filter $FI_\theta(I)$
5. Projection $PR_{A,E}(I)$
6. Event pattern $P(I)$

Runtime Context Maintenance

Context bit vector W :

0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Context types:

c_a, c_b, \dots, c_z

Time stamp $W.time$

- Updated by the context initiation & termination operators
- Accessed by the context window operator
- Synchronized by the time driven scheduler

Translation from Query Set to Algebra Plan

DERIVE Toll(*c.id*, *c.sec*, 5)

PATTERN NewCar *c*

CONTEXT congestion

DERIVE NewCar(*s.id*, *s.xway*, *s.dir*,
s.sec, *s.lane*, *s.pos*, *s.lane*)

PATTERN SEQ(NOT Position *f*, Position *s*)

WHERE *f.sec*+30=*s.sec* **AND**

f.id=*s.id* **AND**

f.lane≠'exit'

CONTEXT congestion

Projection: *c.id*, *c.sec*, 5

Context window: congestion

Pattern: NewCar *c*

Projection: *s.id*, *s.xway*, *s.dir*,
s.sec, *s.lane*, *s.pos*, *s.sec*)

Context window: congestion

Filter: $f.sec + 30 = s.sec \wedge$
 $f.id = s.id \wedge s.lane \neq 'exit'$

Pattern: SEQ(NOT Position *f*,
Position *s*)

Event stream

Outline

CAESAR Optimizer

CAESAR Optimizer Overview

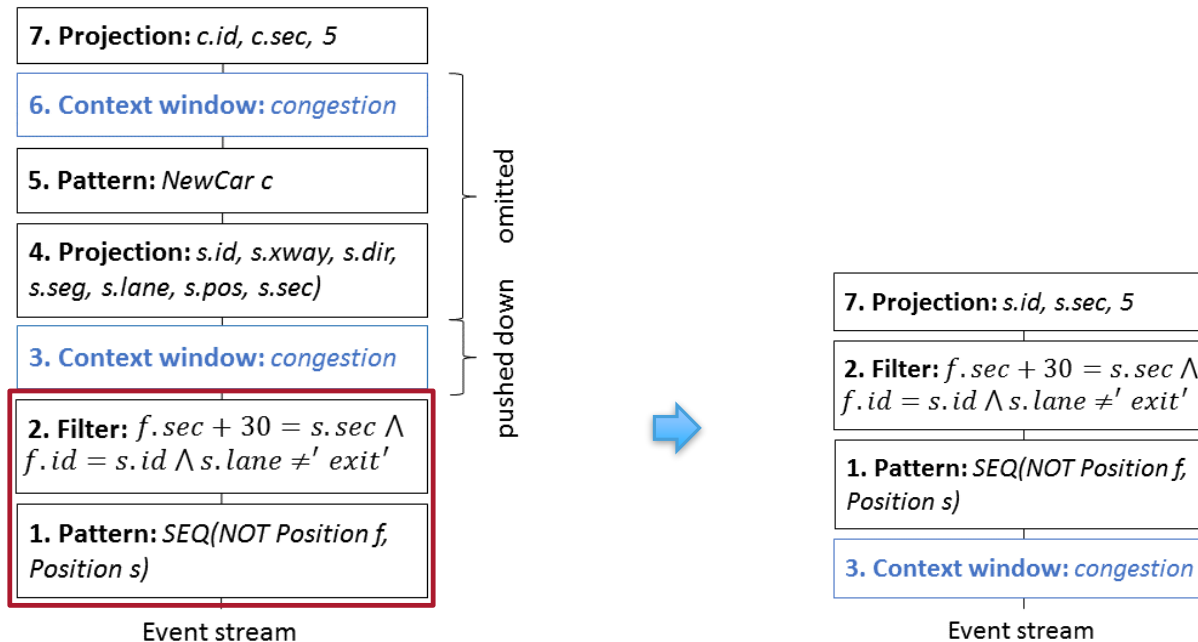
Problem statement:

Given a workload of **context-aware event queries**, our optimization problem is to find an optimized query plan for this workload with **minimal CPU cost**.

Context-aware optimization techniques:

- Context window push down strategy
- Context workload sharing algorithm

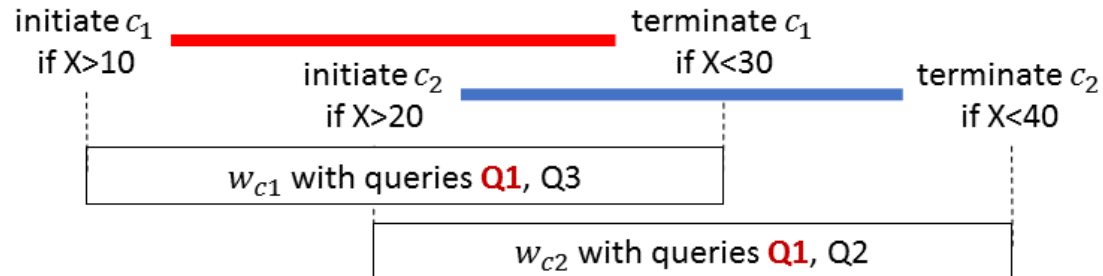
Context Window Push Down Strategy



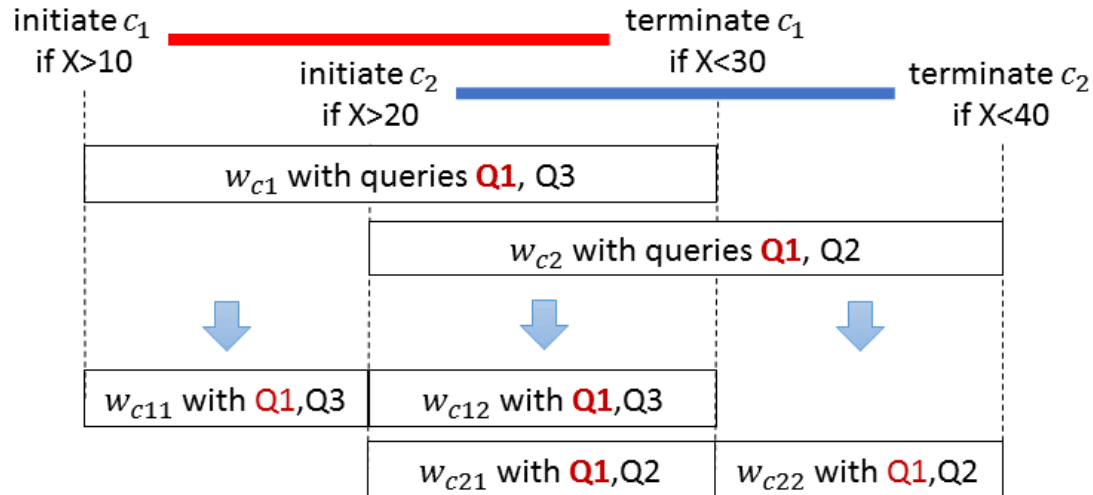
Performance benefits:

- Suspension of irrelevant operators
- Context-driven stream routing

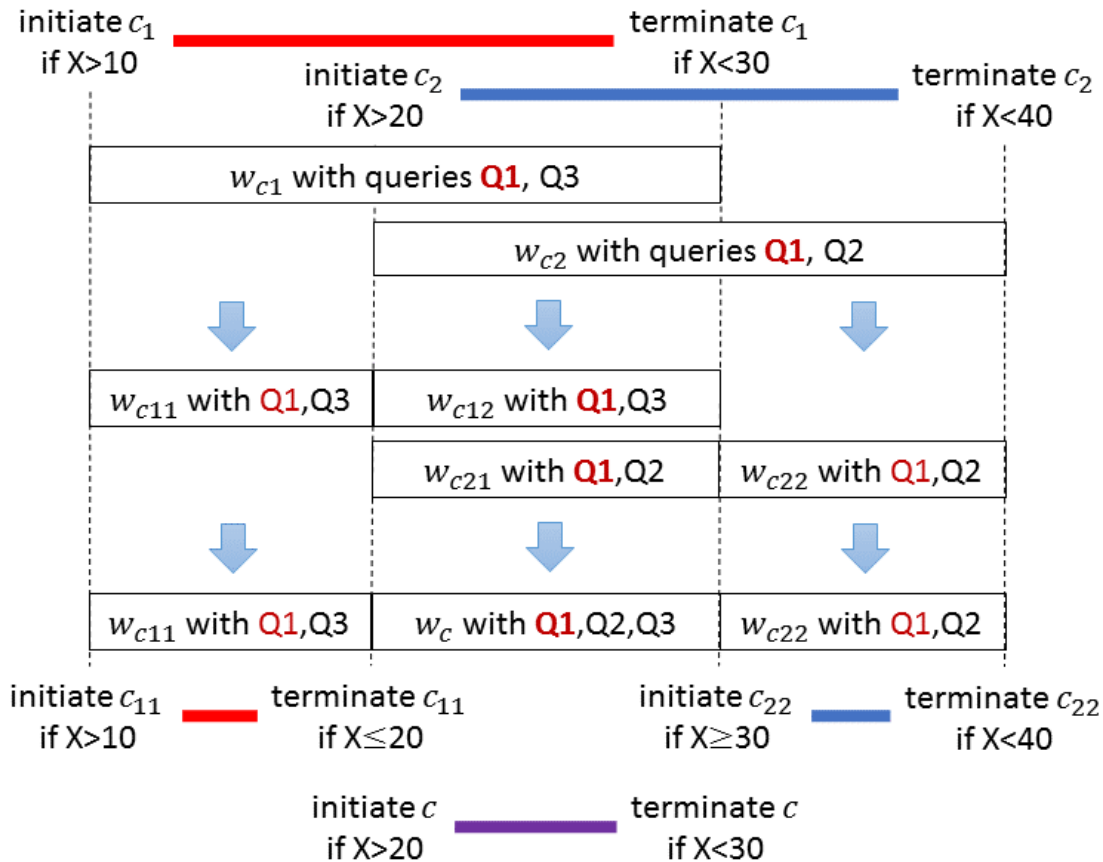
Context Workload Sharing Algorithm



Context Workload Sharing Algorithm



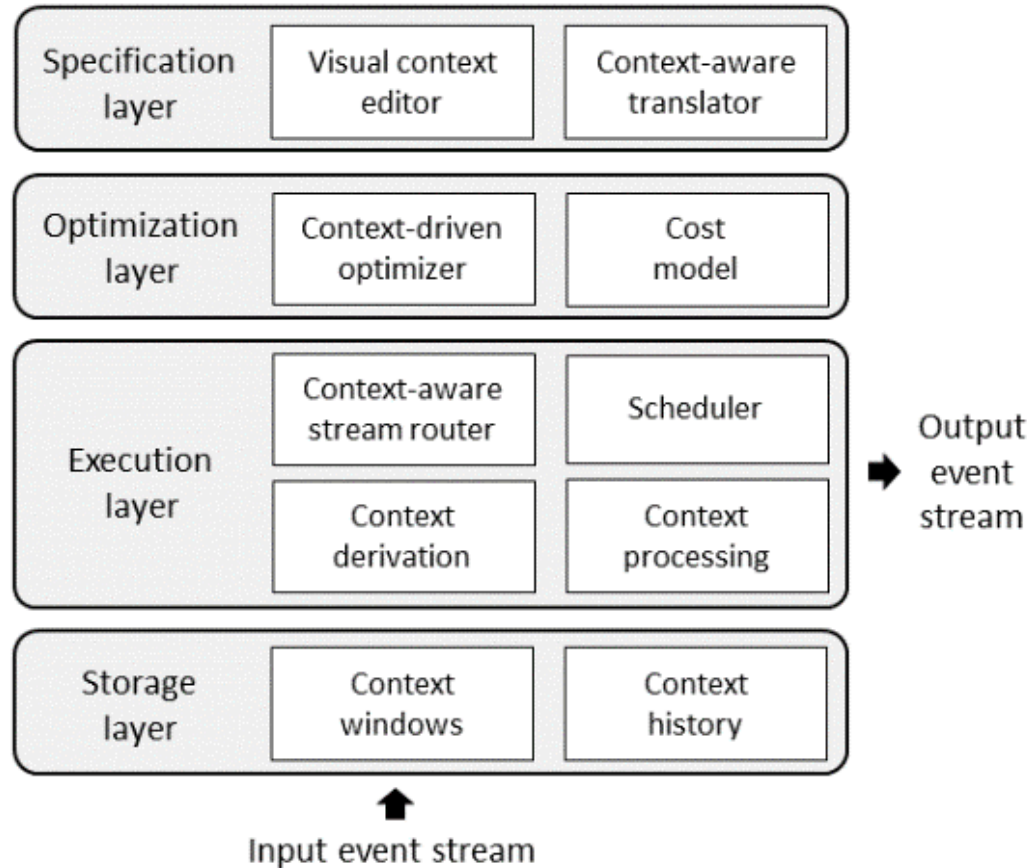
Context Workload Sharing Algorithm



Outline

CAESAR Infrastructure & Experiments

CAESAR Architecture



Experimental Setup

Execution infrastructure:

Java 7, 1 Linux machine with 16-core
3.4 GHz CPU and 48GB of RAM

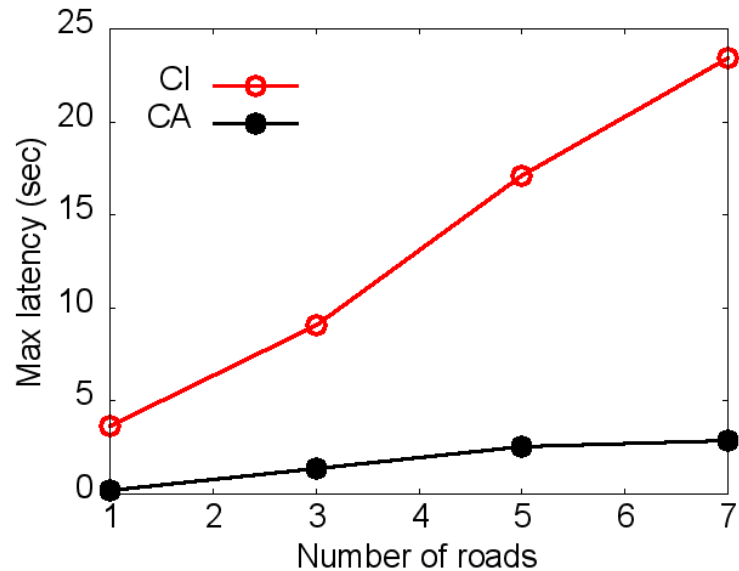
Data sets:

- Linear Road stream benchmark (LR) [1]
3 roads=1.7GB
- Physical Activity Monitoring real data set (PAM) [2]
1.6GB

[1] A.Arasu et al., Linear Road: A stream data management benchmark. VLDB'04

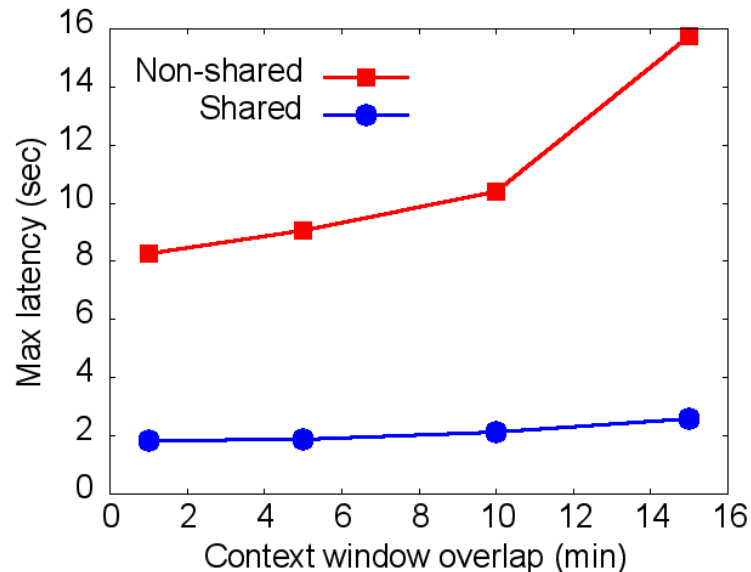
[2] A.Reiss et al., Creating and benchmarking a new data set for physical activity monitoring. PETRA'12

Context-aware Event Stream Analytics



For 7 roads, context-aware (CA) event stream analytics is **9**-fold faster than context-independent (CI) approach.

Context-aware Event Query Sharing



If 30 context windows of length 15 minutes process 4 event queries each and overlap by 15 minutes, workload sharing wins **6**-fold.

Outline

Conclusions

Conclusions

- CAESAR is first context-aware CEP system
- Graphical context-specification model
- Context-aware algebra
- Context-driven optimization techniques
- Execution infrastructure
- 8-fold speed up on average

Acknowledgement

- Advisors: Elke A. Rundensteiner, Dan Dougherty
- Collaborator: Chuan Lei
- DSRG group at WPI
- EDBT reviewers
- NSF grants IIS 1018443 and IIS 1343620